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DULLES DESCRIBES A NAZI SURRE DER

Allies Almost Blocked Secret Talk With Germans of Italy

CPYRGHT, S. HANDLER

by the Allied Joint Chiefs of Staff almost halted the secret negotiations that led to the surrender of German troops in Italy in 1945, Alien

W. Dulles, who conducted the negotiations, has disclosed.
Mr. Dulles, former director of the Central Intelligence Agency, describes the incident in the second and final install-

The elimination of the Italian ferred to confront, Mr. Dulles says, had the Russians. forced Field Marshal Albert En Route Kesselring, the German com-mander on the Western Front, to request negotiations for the surrender of almost a million troops under his command. The surrender in Italy made the position of the battered German forces on the Western Front untenable.

Mr. Dulles relates that the Allied Joint Chiefs ordered the interruption of the secret negotiations when they seemed on the point of succeeding, but Field Marshal Alexander, the Allied commander in chief in Italy, interceded and convinced the Joint Chiefs to permit Mr. Dulles to proceed.

Himmler Tried to Intervene

Mr. Dulles also relates that Heinrich Himmler and Ernst (
Kaltenbrunner tried to prevent an SS general, Karl Wolff, commander of the SS (Elite Guard) to cores in Italy and initiator of mander of the SS (Elite Guard) forces in Italy and initiator of the secret negotiations, from how Wolff tricked them into n

silence. Mr. Dulles describes the re-P Berlin bunker where Wolff con-n fronted the ill dictator and A difficult task still lay talked him out of suspicions a ead: informing the German that could have led to Wolff's execution.

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Husmann, the director vate Swiss school; Luigi Parilli, an Italian baron, and Gero V. S. Gaevernitz, a naturalized American of German origin, a friend and invaluable unofficial

aide of Mr. Dulles.
Mr. Dulles, the wartime chief

Agency, describes the incident in the second and final installment of "The Secret Surrender," in the August issue of Harper's magazine. The first installment of his account of the secret negotiations, which will be published in book form by Harper & Row, appeared in the July issue.

The elimination of the Italian ferred to complications with

En Route to Surrender

Mr. Dulles said he could only carry out orders and, while preparing to do so, he received telephone call from Major Veibel informing him that Veibel informing him that Jeneral Wolf and one of Gen, Jeinrich von Vietinghoff's staff (fficers, Licut, Col, Viktor von Jehweinitz, were en route to switzerland to surrender, Von Jietinghoff was commander of he Wehrmacht in Italy.

Mr. Dulles radioed Field Marhal Alexander, who immedi-tely contacted the Allied eadquarters requesting recon-deration. The German emiseries arrived with powers to egotiate but Mr. Dulles had to

lay for time. On April 27 Mr. Dulles rerived instructions to proceed.
ield Marshal Alexander was rected to make arrangements receive the Germans at his aserta headquarters.

At the British General's re-lest, Mr. Gaevernitz accompa-ed the German envoys to Carta, where he played an imrtant role in convincing them sign the surrender docuents.

Mr. Dulles also discloses the chissaries had to be passed role of a Czech refugee radio serretly via France, neutral operator by the name of Vac-Spitzerland and German-con-

operator by the name of Vaclav Hradecky whom Mr. Dulles trilled Austria to Bolzano.

And planted in Wolff's Bolrano, Italy, headquarters to had to be made through terriserve as a secret communication clearing house.

Besides Mr. Dulles and General Wolff, the principal prodes to arrest the emissaries tagonists in the drama were well and the constant of the principal prodes to arrest the emissaries tagonists in the drama were well the principal product the principal product of the principal product the principal product